

Health Sector Coordinating Council Joint Cybersecurity Working Group

Cybersecurity Primer for Massachusetts Healthcare Providers

November 14, 2024

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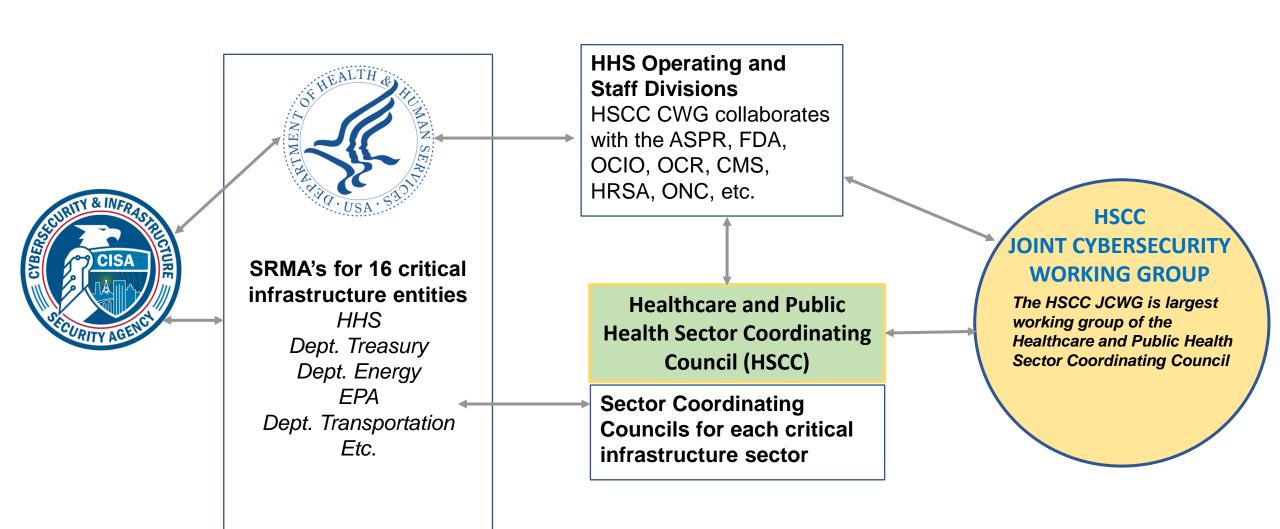
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Health Sector Coordinating Council Critical Infrastructure Protection **Policy Foundation**

- National Security Memorandum 22 Updates PPD 21 (below) to require enhanced coordination between sector risk management agencies and their industry sector partners for assessing and managing critical sector risk.
- E.O. 14028 Improving the Nation's Cybersecurity 2021
- P.L. 116-321 HITECH Act Amendment Directs HHS Office for Civil Rights when enforcing a HIPAA breach to consider whether the victim entity has implemented the HHS-HSCC Health Industry Cybersecurity Practices (HICP), NIST Cybersecurity Framework, or other recognized cybersecurity practices as a potential basis for mitigating fines or favorably terminating an audit. - 2021
- National Defense Authorization Act, FY '21 (§9002, p. 1382) Specifying partnership responsibilities of Sector Risk Management Agencies - 2020
- E.O. 13800 Strengthening the Cybersecurity of Federal Networks and Critical Infrastructure –2017 Transparency of critical sector threats (reporting), Electric sector, Botnets
- §405(d) Cybersecurity Act 2015 Established a program under HHS to work with the health sector to develop cybersecurity best practices and guidelines - 2015
- E.O. 13691 Promoting Private Sector Cybersecurity Information Sharing 2015; Encouraging establishment of ISAOs
- E.O. 13636 (PPD-21) Improving Critical Infrastructure Cybersecurity (resulted in the NIST Cybersecurity Framework)- 2013
- Foundational Presidential Executive Orders on Critical Infrastructure Protection and the public-private partnership (PDD-63 - 1998, and HSPD-7 - 2003)

Health Sector Coordinating Council Critical Infrastructure Protection **Public Private Partnership**





Healthcare and Public Health Sector Coordinating Council

- The cross-sector industry coordinating body representing one of 16 critical infrastructure sectors recognized under national policy
- A trust-community partnership convening health providers, companies, nonprofits and industry associations across six subsectors
- Serves as a special "Critical Infrastructure Partnership Advisory Council" to the government, exempt from normal public notification and participation requirements of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, given sensitive homeland security deliberations
- Mission: to identify cyber and physical risks to the security and resiliency of the sector, develop guidance for mitigating those risks, and work with government to facilitate threat preparedness and incident response
- Focused on longer-term critical infrastructure policy and strategy, complementing the operational activities of the Health Information Sharing and Analysis Center



The Health Sector - An Interconnected Ecosystem

Patients and

Consumers

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Laboratories, Blood & Pharmaceuticals

Pharmaceutical Manufacturers
Drug Store Chains
Pharmacists' Associations

Public and Private Laboratory

Associations

Blood Banks

Medical Materials

Medical Equipment & Supply Manufacturing & Distribution Medical Device Manufacturers

Health Information Technology

Medical Research Institutions
Information Standards Bodies
Electronic Medical Record System and
Other Clinical Medical System Vendors

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Federal Response & Program Offices

Coordinated Response Activities Under Emergency Support Function 8 Government Coordinating Council Federal Partners (e.g., HHS, DoD, other sector partners)

Direct Patient Care

Healthcare Systems
Professional Associations
Medical Facilities
Emergency Medical Services
Consumer Devices \ BYOD

Mass Fatality Management Services

Cemetery, Cremation, Morgue, and Funeral Homes Mass Fatality Support Services (e.g., coroners, medical examiners, forensic examiners, & psychological support personnel)

Health Plans and Payers

Health Insurance Companies & Plans Local and State Health Departments State Emergency Health Organizations

Public Health

Governmental Public Health Services Public Health Networks

Health Sector Coordinating Council Joint Cybersecurity Working Group

Health Sector Coordinating Council HSCC Joint Cybersecurity Working Group (JCWG)

Mission

- Industry advisory council that identifies and develops strategic, cross-sector solutions to cybersecurity threats and vulnerabilities affecting the security and resiliency of the healthcare sector
- Outcome-oriented task groups develop best practices; Full JCWG membership meets twice a year in-person around the country
- Works closely on joint initiatives with:
 - HHS Administration for Strategic Preparedness and Response
 - Food and Drug Administration
 - Other HHS Operating Divisions and DHS CISA

Health Sector Coordinating Council HSCC Joint Cybersecurity **Working Group (CWG)**

Membership

- Largest standing Working Group under the HSCC umbrella
 - 454 private sector organizations, including:
 - 390 owner-operators
 - Includes 53 industry associations and professional societies
 - 64 non-voting advisor companies
 - 21 government organizations, including 11 federal, 4 state, 2 city, 2 county and 2 Canadian
 - Total representing personnel: 1036

HSCC JCWG Member Distribution by Subsector

- Direct Patient Care: 42.76%
- Health Information Technology: 6.46%
- Health Plans and Payers: 5.12%
- Mass fatality and Management Services: 0
- Medical Materials: 9.13%
- Laboratories, Blood, Pharmaceuticals: 5.79%
- Public Health: 4.68%
- Cross-sector: **7.57**%
- Government (Fed, State, County, Local): 4.45%
- Advisors: 14.03%

Membership Eligibility and Expectations

Voting "Owner-Operator" Members

- Covered Entities and Business Associates involved in direct patient care subject to HIPAA
- Health plans and payers
- Medical materials, technology, and distribution subject to FDA regulation
- Pharmaceuticals, laboratories, blood entities subject to FDA regulation
- Health Information Technology owners, operators and manufacturers subject to interoperability rules
- Mass fatality management services
- Trade groups and professional societies representing any of the above
- Government (state, local, tribal, territorial, and federal)

Voting Members elect the CWG Executive Committee (which elects Chair and Vice Chair) and vote as requested on approval of publications and any other CWG decisions and positions

Non-Voting Advisor Members

- Entities that are not regulated owner-operators of the healthcare system but that have healthcare, cybersecurity and/or healthcare cybersecurity-specific expertise as consultants, law firms, security companies
- Advisor organization membership is capped at 15% of the Voting Membership
- Advisors are asked to join at least one task group and participate in at least 50% of the task group's meetings
- Advisors are asked not to engage in any business development/sales activities while participating in HSCC business
- HSCC publications and communications cannot favor any vendor, technology or member relative to any other

Advisors neither vote nor hold CWG leadership positions, and join by invitation of leadership, subject to annual review.

Leadership



Cybersecurity Working Group 2024 Industry Executive Committee



CHAIR: Erik Decker, VP, CISO, Intermountain Healthcare



VICE CHAIR: Chris Tyberg, CISO, Abbott



AT-LARGE: Sanjeev Sah, SVP CROSS SECTOR: **Enterprise Technology** Services & CISO, **Novant Health**



Bobby Rao, Global CISO, Esper Group



DIRECT PATIENT CARE: Julian Goldman, MD, **Medical Director, Biomedical Engineering Mass General Brigham**



DIRECT PATIENT CARE: Samantha Jacques, **VP Corporate Clinical Engineering, McLaren** Healthcare



HEALTH IT: Jennifer Stoll, Chief of External Affairs, OCHIN, Inc.



MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY: Chris Reed, Sr. Director of **Cybersecurity Policy, Global**

Regulatory Affairs, Medtronic



PLANS-PAYER: Adrian M. Mayers, Dr.BA, **VP & CISO, Premera Blue** Cross



PHARMA-LAB-BLOOD: Janet Scott, VP, Business **Technology Risk** Management and CISO, Organon



PUBLIC HEALTH: Leanne Field, PhD, M.S., Clinical Professor & Founding Director, Public **Health Program, The University of Texas at Austin**



HEALTH-ISAC OPERATIONAL LIAISON (non-voting): Denise Anderson, President and CEO, Health-ISAC

JCWG Government Co-Chairs

Brian Mazanec

Deputy Assistant Secretary and Deputy Director
Center for Preparedness
Administration for Strategic Preparedness and Response

Suzanne Schwartz

Director

Office of Strategic Partnerships & Technology Innovation Center for Devices and Radiological Health U.S. Food and Drug Administration

Sector Goals

Sector Coordinating Council 2025 Priorities Under Consideration

- Organize and Implement Five-Year Cybersecurity Strategic Plan
- Complete Sector Mapping, Risk Assessment and Management Plan
- Recruit and Mobilize C-Suite leadership councils to accelerate sector-wide progress
- Continue development and promulgation of cybersecurity leading practices and policy recommendations

Five-Year Health Industry Cybersecurity Strategic Plan (HIC-SP)







Monitor









Measure

Health Industry Cybersecurity – Strategic Plan (2024–2029)



FEBRUARY 2024

Health Industry Trends 2024-29

Seven business, technology, clinical, and policy trends will characterize the evolution of the health sector over the next five years and beyond.

- Trend 1: Methods of care delivery will continue to shift and evolve
- Trend 2: Adoption of emerging and disruptive technologies will accelerate
- Trend 3: The business of healthcare will continue to change and adapt
- Trend 4: Acute Financial Distress will not abate
- Trend 5: Workforce recruitment and talent management will face competitive supply and demand pressures
- Trend 6: Government will be challenged to develop balanced policy that achieves objectives in complex health systems
- Trend 7: Global instability, climate change and downstream effects will increase pressure on the healthcare supply chain



secure, and timely use

Health Sector Coordinating Council Five-Year Cybersecurity Goals to

<u></u>	Cybersecurity Working Group	dress	Industry Trends
G1	Healthcare and wellness delivery services are user-	G6	Healthcare technology used inside and outside of the organizational boundaries is secure-by-design and secure-by-default while reducing the secure-by-default w

ure-by-default while reducing the friendly, accessible, safe, secure, and compliant burden and cost on technology users to maintain an effective security posture G2 **G7**

A trusted healthcare delivery ecosystem is sustained with active Cybersecurity and privacy practices and responsibilities partnership and representation between critical and significant are understandable to healthcare technology consumers technology partners and suppliers, including non-traditional health and and practitioners life science entities

G3 G8 Cybersecurity requirements are readily available, Foundational resources and capabilities are available to support harmonized, understandable, and feasible for implementation across all relevant healthcare and

location, and financial standing public health subsectors **G9**

organization

cybersecurity needs across all healthcare stakeholders regardless of size, **G4** Health, commercially sensitive research, and intellectual The health and public health sector has established and implemented

property data are reliable and accurate, protected, and access to healthcare technology and services private while supporting interoperability requirements

preparedness response and resilience strategies to enable uninterrupted **G10** Emerging technology is rapidly and routinely assessed Organizations across the health sector have strong cybersecurity and for cybersecurity risk, and protected to ensure its safe, privacy cultures that permeate down from the highest levels within each



hoolth dolivery organizations (o.g. rural hoolth)

Health Sector Coordinating Council Five-year Cybersecurity Objectives to

	Cybersecurity Working Group Implement the Goals		
01	Develop, adopt and demand safety and resilience	07	Increase incentives, development and promotion of health care
	requirements for products and services offered, from		cybersecurity-focused education and certification programs

	requirements for products and services errors, mem		of a cross control of the control of
	business to business, as well as health systems to patients,		
	with the concept of secure-by-design and secure-by-default		
02	Simplify access to resources and implementation approaches	08	Increase utilization of automation and emerging technologies like AI
	uniate dita the adaption of controls and projections alternal with		to delice officions in the consequents and a consequent

related to the adoption of controls and practices aligned with to drive efficiencies in cybersecurity processes regulatory and sector standards for securing devices, services,

and data Develop and adopt practical and uniform privacy standards to 09 Develop health sub-sector specific integrated cybersecurity profile protect personal information and promote fair and ethical aligned with regulatory requirements data practices while sharing the data in a consensual eco-

system 010

Develop meaningful cross-sector third-party risk management Increase new partnerships with public/private entities on the strategies for evaluating, monitoring, and responding to supply front edge of evaluating and responding to emerging chain and third-party provider cybersecurity risks technology issues to enable safe, secure, and faster adoption of emerging technologies

Enhance health sector senior leadership and board Increase meaningful and timely information sharing of cyber related knowledge of cybersecurity and their accountability to create disruptions to improve sector readiness

a culture of security within their organizations Increase utilization of cybersecurity practices / resources / Develop mechanisms to enable "mutual aid" support across sector 012 capabilities by public health, physician practices and smaller stakeholders to allow for timely and effective response to

auharcacurity incidants

Sector Mapping and Risk Assessment

Cybersecurity Risk Assessment

Context

- Technology systems are more complex and interconnected than ever before, as a result of further integration and M&A activity across these systems
- Cyberattacks on third party systems introduce everexpanding risk to the healthcare sector
- This document reflects an assessment of systemic risks in healthcare services brought on by cyber incidents to core technology systems

Objectives

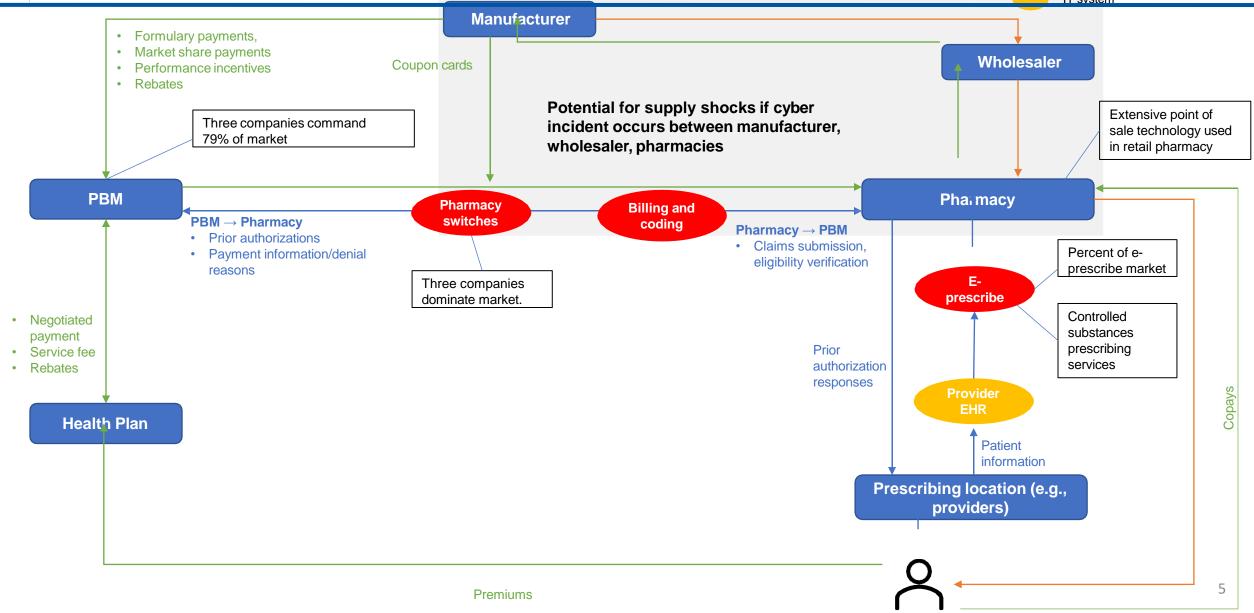
- Identify chokepoints in the healthcare system that could impact the flow of electronic health information, flow of payments, or the medical services (e.g., medical care, pharmaceuticals, etc.)
- Assess clinical, administrative, financial, and security impacts
 cybersecurity incidents could have on healthcare system
- Identify IT services and systems that service core functions for level and nature of impact, including:
 - Retail pharmacy
 - Medical claims
 - Critical medical devices
 - Labs
 - Radiology
 - Dialysis
- Assessment will be scoped to systems, entities, and processes in the healthcare sector where prolonged outages from a cyber incident would result in significant sector-wide impacts

Health Sector Coordinating Council Cybersecurity Working Group

Example: Flow of Data and TLP RED Payments in Retail Pharmacy



Patient



How We Execute



Health Sector Coordinating Council HSCC Joint Cybersecurity Working Group **Task Groups Objectives And Leadership**

TASK GROUP	OBJECTIVE	INDUSTRY LEADS	GOVT. LEAD
Artificial Intelligence Cybersecurity	Identify the emerging risks associated with the use of AI/ML based products and services in HPH and develop recommendations for their mitigations. Develop guidelines, standards, and best practices for AI safety and security.	Rob Suarez – CareFirst Rohit Tandon – Essentia Health	HHS ASPR- Charlee Hess
Health Industry Cybersecurity Landscape Analysis	Update 2023 Hospital Cybersecurity Landscape Analysis which identified the vulnerabilities and threats most frequently resulting in damaging attacks against hospitals and assesses the hospitals' known capabilities for preventing damaging cyber incidents. Version 2 of the L.A. will incorporate more data in the analysis and consider vulnerabilities and incidents faced by additional subsectors.	Anahi Santiago – ChristianaCare James Case – Baptist Health NE Florida Ron Mehring – Texas Health Resources	HHS ASPR- Charlee Hess
MedTech Cybersecurity Updating/Patching	Develop mutual expectations among health delivery organizations and medical device manufacturers about updating and patching medical devices in the clinical environment, and associated risk, prioritization and cost.	Chris Gates - Velentium Phil Englert - Health ISAC	HHS FDA – Lisa Gilbert
MedTech Manufacturing OT Cybersecurity	Developing leading practices for cybersecurity management of operational/manufacturing technology. Initially focused on medical technology and pharmaceutical subsectors.	Edison Alvarez - Becton Dickinson Erin Gilliam - Merck	HHS FDA – Jessica Wilkerson
MedTech Vulnerability Communications	Provide guidance to differing stakeholders (MDMs, HDO's, clinicians, patients) on preparing, receiving and acting on medical device vulnerabilities. First publication April 2022 on patient awareness. Second version on HDO/MDM engagement and implementation in process.	Kevin Tambascio - Cleveland Clinic Les Gray - Abbott (Advisor) Axel Wirth - Medcrypt	HHS FDA – Jessica Wilkerson
Outreach and Awareness	Develop CWG brand and marketing strategy	Kristi Warner – Abbott Ed Gaudet – Censinet (Advisor)	HHS HC3 – Troy Adams



HSCC Joint Cybersecurity Working Group Task Groups Objectives And Leadership

TASK GROUP	OBJECTIVE	INDUSTRY LEADS	GOVT. LEAD
Public Health Cybersecurity	Identify strategies for strengthening the cybersecurity and resilience of SLTT public health agencies with the support of private sector and academic organizations.	Dr. Leanne Field – The UT Austin	HHS ASPR – Bob Bastani
Risk Assessment	(Joint HHS-SCC publication) - Joint publication with HHS April 2023 on NIST Cyber Framework Implementation guide. New initiative to develop guidance for aligning health enterprise controls with NIST CSF implementation tiers	Bryan Cline – HITRUST	TBD
Sector Mapping and Risk Template	Develop methodology to identify chokepoints in the healthcare system that could impact the flow of electronic health information, payments, or medical services for core healthcare delivery and ancillary functions. Assess clinical, administrative, and financial impacts of cybersecurity incidents against and through third party entities. Integrate findings into third party and sector risk assessment and management plan	Adrian Mayers – Premera Blue Cross Samantha Jacques – McLaren Health	HHS ASPR - Charlee Hess
Strategic Plan Implementation	Organized Health Industry Cybersecurity Strategic Plan into an implementation structure, process and timeline to achieve its 10 Goals and 12 Objectives by the target of 2029	Chris Tyberg – Abbott Bobby Rao – Esper Group	FDA – Linda Ricci
Underserved Provider Cybersecurity Advisory Group	Conduct a series of documented panel discussions with management of under-resourced providers to interview for perspectives about cybersecurity challenges, financial and operational challenges, and their needs for assistance to meet cybersecurity obligations	Jennifer Stoll – OCHIN, Inc. Jim Roeder – Lakewood Health System	DHS CISA NRMC Dr. Reuven Pasternak



JCWG Leading Practices By the Sector for the Sector

2024

- Medical Product Manufacturer Cyber Incident Response Playbook
- Executive Checklist for Incident Response
- Medical Device and Health IT Joint Security Plan v2 (JSP2)
- Health Industry Cybersecurity Strategic Plan
- Coordinated Privacy Security Partnerships

2023

- Health Industry Cybersecurity Information Sharing Best Practices
- Health Industry Cybersecurity Matrix of InfoSharing Organizations
- Coordinated Healthcare Incident Response Plan
- Recommended Government Policy & Programs
- Hospital Cyber Landscape Analysis (Joint HSCC/HHS)
- Prioritized Recognized Cybersecurity Practices
- Health Industry Cybersecurity Practices 2023 (Joint)
- Cybersecurity for Clinician Video Training Series
- Health Industry NIST CSF Implementation Guide (Joint)
- Managing Legacy Technology Security
- Artificial Intelligence Machine Learning

2022

- Operational Continuity-Cyber Incident Checklist
- MedTech Vulnerability Communications Toolkit
- Model Contract-Language for Medtech Cybersecurity

2021

• Securing Telehealth and Telemedicine

2020

- Supply Chain Risk Management
- Health Sector Return-to-Work Guidance
- <u>Tactical Crisis Response</u>
- Protection of Innovation Capital



Checklist for Teleworking Surge During COVID-19

2019

- Workforce Guide
- Medical Device and Health IT Joint Security Plan
- Health Industry Cybersecurity Practices (Joint)



Cyber Practices V Training Videos Government Partners V

Cyber Practices

By the Sector, For the Sector

You're a health provider, medical technology or health I.T. company, pharmaceutical manufacturer, health plan or payer, public health agency.

How do you want to improve your cybersecurity posture?



Monitor Threats

Health Industry NIST CSF Implementation

Health Industry Cybersecurity Practices 2023

Health Industry Cybersecurity Supply Chain

Risk Management Guide (HIC-SCRiM-2023)

VIEW MORE

> Artificial Intelligence Machine Learning



Manage



- Health Industry Cybersecurity Coordinated Privacy Security Partnerships (HIC-CPSP
- Health Industry Cybersecurity Securing Telehealth and Telemedicine (HIC-STAT)
- Health Industry Cybersecurity Matrix of Information Sharing Organizations (HIC-MISO)
- > Prioritized Recognized Cybersecurity Practices

VIEW MORE



Respond & Recover

- Health Industry Cybersecurity Tactical Crisis Response Guide (HIC-TCR)
- Health Industry Cybersecurity Matrix of Information Sharing Organizations (HIC-MISO)
- Coordinated Healthcare Incident Response
- Health Industry Cybersecurity Practices 2023

VIEW MORE





Measure **Effectiveness**



Secure Medtech

- Health Industry Cybersecurity Matrix of Information Sharing Organizations (HIC-MISO)
- Hospital Cyber Landscape Analysis (Joint HSCC/HHS)
- Health Industry Cybersecurity Supply Chain Risk Management Guide (HIC-SCRiM-2023)
- Medical Device and Health IT Joint Security Plan version 2 (JSP2)
- Medtech Vulnerability Communications Toolkit (MVCT)
- > Managing Legacy Technology Security
- Model Contract-Language for Medtech

Next All-Hands Membership Meeting

November 19-21, 2024

Hosted at and Partnered with

University of California San Diego Center for Healthcare Cybersecurity



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For more information, visit https://HealthSectorCouncil.org