## **Health Care Provider Call February 2024**



Critical Infrastructure

Cybersecurity Toolkit – A Tool for

Securing the Healthcare Environment

Meg Speranza Resiliency Program Manager Speranza@MassTech.org



## Cyber Incidents and Healthcare What makes healthcare organizations attractive targets?

The American Hospital Association Reports that healthcare organizations are particularly vulnerable and targeted by cyberattacks because they possess so much information of high monetary and intelligence value to cyber thieves and nation-state actors.

### Targeted data includes:

- Patients' protected health information (PHI)
- Financial information like credit card and bank account numbers
- Personally Identifying information (PII) such as Social Security numbers, and intellectual property related to medical research and innovation

Stolen health records may sell up to 10 times or more than stolen credit card numbers on the dark web.

Source: <a href="https://www.aha.org/center/cybersecurity-and-risk-advisory-services/importance-cybersecurity-protecting-patient-safety#:~:text=Health%20care%20organizations%20are%20particularly,thieves%20and%20nation%2Dstate%20actors.</a>

\*\*MassCyberCenter\*\*

\*\*Applications\*\*

\*\*Applications\*\*

\*\*Applications\*\*

\*\*This is a proper to the patient of the patient o

## **Cyber Incident Response Planning**Who and What are the Threats?

### **Threat Actors**

- Insider Threat
- Cybercriminals
- Nation-State
- Advanced Persistent
   Threat (APT) Groups
- Hacktivists
- Terrorists



### **Threats**

- Unintended disclosures by employees
- Hacking/Malware/Ransomwa re
- Insider Wrong-Doing
- Zero Day Vulnerabilities
- Physical Loss
- Portable Device/ Removable
   Media
- Technology Intrusions
- Phishing/Spear-Phishing Schemes

- Man-in-the-Middle Attacks
- Wire Transfer Fraud
- Skimming Incidents
- Vendors/Subcontractors –
   Poor Security
- Protocols/Standards





## **Cyber Incident Response Planning Healthcare Attacks in the News**

Major Massachusetts health insurer hit by ransomware attack, member data may be compromised

- Associated Press, May 26, 2023

### Massachusetts Hospital Victimized by Hack Leaves Thousands of Patients' Info Exposed

- Newsweek, October 28, 2021

Massachusetts health officials warn of data breach involving more than 134K people

State health officials say 'worldwide data security incident' linked to MOVEit

- FOXBusiness, August 16, 2023

Shields Health Care Group data breach affects 2 million patients

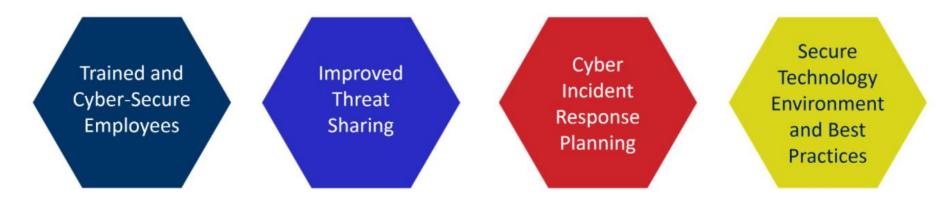
- Bleeping Computer, June 7, 2022



## Cyber Incident Response Planning Minimum Baseline of Cybersecurity

A framework for helping Massachusetts organizations improve their cybersecurity posture and protect their networks and data from cyberattacks using people, process, and technology.

### There are 4 goals:



Each goal contains links to Commonwealth and federal cybersecurity Resources. For more information go to <a href="MassCyberCenter.org">MassCyberCenter.org</a>.



# Critical Infrastructure (CI) Cybersecurity Toolkit – A Tool for Securing the Healthcare Environment

Operational Technology and Industrial Control Systems



- Operational Technology (OT) and Industrial Control Systems (ICS) "combine hardware and software to control and automate physical processes in industries. These systems are responsible for critical infrastructure, including power grids, water treatment plants, transportation systems and healthcare facilities."\*
- ICS/OT systems have unique characteristics that differentiate them from traditional IT systems, making it challenging to implement security
  - High availability and reliability
  - Operation in harsh environments
- The CI Toolkit was designed to provide OT/ICS asset owners and operators
  with a roadmap for improving their OT/ICS cybersecurity posture and a list of
  resources that are available at no cost.



- 1. Identify one role/position/title responsible for cybersecurity within your ICS/OT environment. Whoever fills this role/position/title is then in charge of all ICS/OT cybersecurity activities.
- 2. Conduct a Self-Assessment.
- 3. Use a cybersecurity framework to guide your OT Cybersecurity.
- 4. Create an OT/ICS Cyber Incident Response Plan.
- 5. Train personnel in your organization and exercise regularly.



### **Healthcare and Public Health Sector**

# Secure Technology Environment and Best Practices

### About the Sector:

The Healthcare and Public Health (HPH) Sector provides goods and services integral to maintaining local, national, and global health security. By its nature, it is highly dependent on other CI sectors for continuity of operations and service delivery, including Communications, Emergency Services, Energy, Food & Agriculture, IT, Transportation, and Water/Wastewater.



### There are 6 Private Subsectors

- Direct Patient Care
- Health Information Technology
- Health Plans and Payers
- Mass Fatality Management Services
- Medical Materials
- Laboratories, Blood, and Pharmaceuticals

### There are 2 Government Subsectors

- Public Health
- Federal Response and Program Offices

Voluntary collaboration is key to HPH Sector infrastructure security and resiliency,



- The <u>Government Coordinating Council and the Sector Coordinating Council</u> represent the key organizing elements of the HPH Sector Partnership and have a number of joint working groups for collaboration and information sharing, including one focused on Cybersecurity.
- This Plan represents a collaborative effort among the private sector,
   SLTT governments, and federal departments and agencies to achieve the overarching goal of reducing critical infrastructure risk.
- The purpose of the Plan is to guide and integrate the Sector's efforts to secure and strengthen the resilience of HPH critical infrastructure across its physical, cyber, and human elements.



## Use collaborative risk management and public-private sector partnerships to protect the HPH Sector by:

- Assessing and managing risk across physical, cyber, and human elements, and
- Understanding the cross-sector dependencies for continuity of operations and service delivery
  - Leverage relationships and resources to assess and analyze threats & vulnerabilities
  - Enhance the resilience of the HPH Sector by translating risk analysis into actionable recommendations
  - Find ways to enhance information sharing
  - Create new ways to engage and do outreach to valued and new partners
  - Engage in response and recovery after cybersecurity incidents, and exercise response actions



### More Cybersecurity Resources/Links for Healthcare

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
 HEALTHCARE SECTOR CYBERSECURITY

https://aspr.hhs.gov/cyber/Documents/Health-Care-Sector-Cybersecurity-Dec2023-508.pdf

Introduction to the Strategy of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Health Industry Cybersecurity Practices

Managing Threats and Protecting Patients

HICP-Main-508.pdf (hhs.gov)

This guide shows how investing and implementing properly in cybersecurity protects patients and organizations from the damaging effects of cyberattacks

• Healthcare Sector Coordinating Council Cybersecurity Practices for Small Healthcare Organizations

https://healthsectorcouncil.org/wpcontent/uploads/2018/12/tech-vol1-508.pdf

Recommendations on health care cybersecurity practices for small health care organizations

American Medical Association
 Physician Cybersecurity

https://www.ama-assn.org/practicemanagement/sustainability/physician-cybersecurity

Resources and tips for physicians and health care staff for protecting patient health records and other data from cyberattacks

Massachusetts Digital Health
 Cybersecurity Toolkit for Digital Health

https://massdigitalhealth.org/resources/cybersecurity-toolkit-digital-health

An educational resource for digital health companies at all stages of growth on both the fundamentals and best practices for cybersecurity and privacy protection



### Questions

For more information on the Minimum Baseline of Cybersecurity and the Critical Infrastructure Toolkit, go to

MassCyberCenter.org

